SAFETY DATA SHEET

ALKY-14

Section 1. Identif	fication
GHS product identifier	: ALKY-14
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: Apeiron Inc. 830 East Elm Street Annandale, MN 55302
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec 800-424-9300 (24 Hour)
Section 2. Hazard	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. Wear protective clothing: Recommended: safety apron. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/27/2015. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 1 1

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: None known.

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: 194 AP

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Benzyl alcohol	≥50 - <75	100-51-6
2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	≥10 - <25	111-76-2
2-aminoethanol	≥10 - <25	141-43-5
4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated	≥3 - <5	127087-87-0
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with ethanolamine	≥1 - <3	68132-47-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	arv first aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	ffects. acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>xts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symr</u>	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed. if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/27/2015. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 1 3

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	÷	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil waterways drains

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handlin	19
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/27/2015. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 1 4

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials
incompatibilities	(see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
	contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Benzyl alcohol	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-aminoethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. TWA:
	7.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 6
	ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 15
	mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. TWA:
	8 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 6
	ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 15
	mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours. TWA:
	8 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 6
	ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 15
	mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
1	TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: splash goggles
Skin protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: safety apron
Other skin protection :	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: natural rubber (latex) or neoprene rubber
Respiratory protection :	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Personal protective : equipment (Pictograms)	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Yellow.
Odor	: Amine-like.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 11 to 12.2
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 93.333°C (200°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.011
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Benzyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1720 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Benzyl alcohol	Skin - Mild irritant	Man	-	48 hours 16 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Pig	-	100 Percent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

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2-aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	505 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.
intormation off the likely	· Notices of entry anticipated. Oral, Dermal, Initialation.

routes of exposure

rte			

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimatesRouteATE valueOral1222.5 mg/kgDermal6875 mg/kgInhalation (vapors)68.75 mg/lInhalation (dusts and mists)3 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Benzyl alcohol	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
2-aminoethanol	Acute EC50 8.42 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 150 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Yolk-sac fry	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

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Section 12. Ecological information					
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential		
Benzyl alcohol 2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether 2-aminoethanol	0.87 0.81 -1.31	-	low low low		

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	1760	1760	1760	1760	1760	1760
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (2-aminoethanol)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (2-aminoethanol)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (2-aminoethanol)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (2-aminoethanol)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (2-aminoethanol)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (2-aminoethanol)
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8	8	8
Packing group	111	Ш	III	III	111	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity Yes.	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5	-	Tunnel code (E)	-	-

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Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

-	•					
U.S. Federal regulations :	TSCA 8(a) PAIR:	4-Nonylpher	ol, branched,	ethoxylated		
	TSCA 8(a) CDR	Exempt/Part	ial exemption	n: Not determi	ned	
	Not determined.					
Clean Air Act Section 112 : (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 : Class I Substances	Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 : Class II Substances	Not listed					
DEA List I Chemicals : (Precursor Chemicals)	Not listed					
DEA List II Chemicals : (Essential Chemicals)	Not listed					
SARA 302/304						
Composition/information on i	ngredients					
No products were found.						
SARA 304 RQ :	Not applicable.					
SARA 311/312						
Classification :	Immediate (acute	e) health haza	rd			
Composition/information on i	ngredients					
Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Benzyl alcohol 2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glyc	≥50 - <75 ol ≥10 - <25	No. No.	No. No.	No. No.	Yes. Yes.	No. No.

Beneficial	-00 10					
2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol	≥10 - <25	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
monobutyl ether						
2-aminoethanol	≥10 - <25	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
4-Nonylphenol, branched,	≥3 - <5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
ethoxylated						
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with	≥1 - <3	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
ethanolamine						

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	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≥10 - <25
Supplier notification	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≥10 - <25
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 4/27/2015. Date of previous issue	: No previous validation. Ve	rsion : 1 1:

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

State regulations	
Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: BENZYL ALCOHOL; 2-BUTOXYETHANOL; ETHANOLAMINE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: 2-BUTOXY ETHANOL; BUTYL CELLOSOLVE; ETHANOLAMINE; ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: BENZENEMETHANOL; ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY-; ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-
International regulations	Chemical Weapon Convention List
Schedules I. II & III Chem	nicals Not listed.
Montreal Protocol (Anne	exes A, B, C, E)
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention of Not listed.	on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Rotterdam Convention of Not listed.	on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)
UNECE Aarhus Protoco Not listed.	I on POPs and Heavy Metals
International lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	-
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	0

Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification	
Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318		Calculation method Calculation method On basis of test data On basis of test data	
History			
Date of printing	: 4/27/2015.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/27/2015.		
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.		
Version	: 1		
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations 		
References	: Not available.	: Not available.	
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.			

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.